## A. GENERAL INFORMATION

### A1. Address Information

Name of College or University	University of Alaska Fairbanks
Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country	P.O. Box 757480
Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip/Country	Fairbanks, Alaska 99775-7480 USA
Main phone	(907)474-7500
WWW Home Page Address	www.uaf.edu
Admissions toll-free number	(800) 478-1823
Admissions Office Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/G	Country P.O. Box 757480, Fairbanks, AK 99775-7480
	USA
Admissions Fax number:	(907) 474-5379
Admissions E-mail Address:	fyapply@uaf.edu
Is there a separate URL application site on the Intern	et? If so, please specify: http://www.uaf.edu/admrec/

# A2. Source of institutional control (check one only)

X Public
Private (nonprofit)
Proprietary

	4-1-4
Quarter	Continuous
Trimester	

### **B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE**

**B1.** Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2001.

	FULL-TIME		PART-TIME		
	Men	Women	Men	Women	
Undergraduates					
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	371	376	72	70	
Other first-year, degree- seeking	225	269	81	162	
All other degree-seeking	874	937	239	473	
Total degree-seeking	1,470	1,58	10.02	90	585

**B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category.** Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2001. Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns.

	Degree-seeking First-time First year	Degree-seeking Undergraduates (include first-time first-year)	Total Undergraduates (both degree- and non- degree-seeking)
Nonresident aliens	7	76	
Black, non-Hispanic	34	174	
American Indian or Alaskan Native	157	672	
Asian or Pacific Islander	37	121	
Hispanic	33	133	
White, non-Hispanic	540	2,743	
Race/ethnicity unknown	81	230	
Total	889	4,149	

#### Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2000, to June 30, 2001.

104
196
448
125
27

#### **Graduation Rates**

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS instructions and glossary on the 2001 Web-based survey.

#### For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Report for the cohort of full-time first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 1995. Include in the cohort those who entered your institution during the summer term preceding fall 1995.

- **B4.** Initial 1995 cohort of first-time, full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students; total all students: \_\_\_\_\_463\_\_\_\_\_
- **B5.** Of the initial 1995 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 0 -\_\_\_\_\_
- **B6.** Final 1995 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions: \_\_\_\_\_463\_\_\_\_\_(Subtract question B5 from question B4)
- **B7.** Of the initial 1995 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by August 31, 1999): \_\_\_\_34\_\_\_\_

- **B8**. Of the initial 1995 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after August 31, 1999 and by August 31, 2000): \_\_\_\_\_50\_\_\_\_
- **B9.** Of the initial 1995 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after August 31, 2000 and by August 31, 2001): \_\_\_\_34\_\_\_\_
- **B10**. Total graduating within six years (sum of questions B7, B8, and B9): \_\_\_\_\_118\_\_\_\_\_
- **B11.** Six-year graduation rate for 1995 cohort (question B10 divided by question B6): \_\_\_\_\_25.4\_\_\_\_\_%

#### For Two-Year Institutions:

B12. Initial 1998 cohort, total of first-time, full-time degree/certificate-seeking students:

**B13.** Of the initial 1998 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions: \_\_\_\_\_\_

<b>B14.</b> Final 1998 c	ohort, after adjusti	ing for allowable exclusions_	
(Subtract que	estion B13 from qu	uestion B12)	

- B15. Completers of programs of less than two years duration (total):
- B16. Completers of programs of less than two years within 150 percent of normal time:
- B17. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four years (total):
- B18. Completers of programs of at least two but less than four-years within 150 percent of normal time:

**B19.** Total transfers-out (within three years) to other institutions:

B20. Total transfers to two-year institutions:

B21. Total transfers to four-year institutions:

#### **Retention Rates**

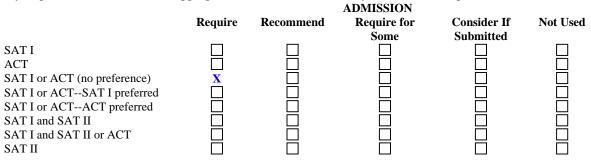
Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's

### **SAT and ACT Policies**

#### **C8.** Entrance exams

A. Does your institution make use of SAT I, SAT II, or ACT scores in admission decisions for first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants? X Yes 🗌 No

If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission.



In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for placement or counseling?

Placement	X	Yes	No
Counseling	X	Yes	🗌 No

B. Does your institution use the SAT I or II or the ACT for **placement only**? If so, please mark the appropriate boxes below:

	PLACEMENT			
	Require	Recommend	Require for	
SAT I		Π	some	
SAT II				
ACT				
SAT I or ACT	X			

C. Latest date by which SAT I or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission\_\_\_\_8/1\_\_\_\_

Latest date by which SAT II scores must be received for fall-term admission\_\_\_\_

D. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students):

### **Freshman Profile**

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled**, **degree-seeking**, **full-time and part-time**, **first-time**, **first-year** (**freshman**) **students** enrolled in fall 2001, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

**C9.** Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2001 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not verbal for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. SAT scores should be recentered scores. The 25th percentile is the score that 25 percent scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25 percent scored at or above.

\_450

Percent submitting SAT scores \_50.6\_\_\_\_ Number submitting SAT scores

### **D. TRANSFER ADMISSION**

### **Fall Applicants**

D1. Does your institution enroll transfer students? X Yes □ No (If no, please skip to Section E)
If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities? X Yes □ No

**D2.** Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2001.

	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	<b>Enrolled Applicants</b>
Men	371	299	192
Women	<b>499</b>	404	272
Total	<b>870</b>	703	<b>46</b> 4

### **Application for Admission**

- D3. Indicate terms for which transfers may enroll: X Fall Winter X Spring X Summer
- D4. Must a transfer applicant have a minimum number of credits completed or else must apply as an entering freshman?
  X Yes \[ No

If yes, what is the minimum number of credits and the unit of measure? \_\_\_\_30 Semester Hours \_\_\_\_\_

**D5.** Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required
High school transcript					X
College transcript(s)	Χ				
Essay or personal statement					X
Interview					X
Standardized test scores					X
Statement of good standing					X
from prior institution(s)					

- **D6.** If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): \_\_\_\_\_\_
- **D7**. If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): \_\_\_\_\_\_
- D8. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants:

**D9.** List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	<b>Closing Date</b>	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall		8/1			X
Winter					
Spring		<b>12/1</b>			X
Summer					

D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students?	<b>D10.</b> D	Does an open a	admission polic	y, if reported	, apply to transfer students?	<b>Yes</b>	$\Box N$
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D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable:

### **Transfer Credit Policies**

D12. Report the lowest grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: \_\_\_\_\_C \_\_\_\_

- D13. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution: Number \_\_\_\_\_No Limit \_\_\_\_\_ Unit type \_\_\_\_\_None \_\_\_\_\_
- D14. Maximum number of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution: Number \_\_\_\_\_No Limit \_\_\_\_\_ Unit type \_\_\_\_\_None \_\_\_\_\_
- D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree: \_\_\_\_\_15 Semester Hours \_\_\_\_\_
- D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: \_\_\_\_\_30 Semester Hours \_\_\_\_\_\_
- **D17.** Describe other transfer credit policies:

## I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

#### I-1. Please report number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2001.

The following definition of instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey. Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Institutions are asked to EXCLUDE:

(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine

(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status,

(c) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like

(d) faculty on leave without pay, and

(e) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave.

Full-time: faculty employed on a full-time basis

*Part-time*: faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Also includes adjuncts and part-time instructors.

*Minority faculty*: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

*Doctorate*: includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology.

*First-professional*: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal degree: the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
a.) Total number of instructional faculty	354	238	592
b.) Total number who are members of minority groups	49	28	77
c.) Total number who are women	110	132	242
d.) Total number who are men	244	106	350
e.) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	8	1	9
f.) Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other terminal degree			
g.) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's			
h.) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's			
<ul> <li>i.) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f, g, h, and i must sum up to item a.)</li> </ul>			

#### I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2001 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2001 Student to Faculty ratio: \_\_\_\_11\_\_ to 1.

#### I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2001 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class SubsectionsA class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

### J. DEGREES CONFERRED

### Degrees conferred between July 1, 2000 and June 30, 2001

## **Reference: IPEDS Completions, Part A**

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP Categories to Include
Agriculture				1 and 2
Architecture				4
Area and ethnic studies			1	5
Biological/life sciences			9	26
Business/marketing	41	26	12	8 and 52
Communications/communication			5	9 and 10
technologies				
Computer and information			4	11
sciences				
Education	4	5	8	13
Engineering/engineering	Ī	1	10	14 and 15
technologies				
English			6	23
Foreign languages and literature		1	2	16
Health professions and related	25	13		51
sciences				
Home economics and vocational				19 and 20
home economics				
Interdisciplinary studies		1	3	30
Law/legal studies		8		22
Liberal arts/general studies		27		24
Library science				25
Mathematics			2	27
Military science and technologies				28 and 29
Natural resources/environmental			4	3
science				
Parks and recreation				31
Personal and miscellaneous	6	1		12
services				
Philosophy, religion, theology				38 and 39
Physical sciences		1	4	40 and 41
Protective services/public		10	7	43 and 44
administration				
Psychology			7	42
Social sciences and history			11	45
Trade and industry	24	6		46, 47, 48, and 49
Visual and performing arts			5	50
Other				
TOTAL	100%	100%	100%	

**Common Data Set Definitions 2001** 

#### Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Class rank:** The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

**College-preparatory program:** Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

**Common Application:** The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

\*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

**Commuter:** A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

**Contact hour:** A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

**Continuous basis (for program enrollment):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

**Cooperative housing:** College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

**Cooperative (work-study plan) program:** A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

\*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

**Credit:** Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit course:** A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Credit hour:** A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

**Cross-registration:** A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

**Deferred admission:** The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

**Degree:** An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

**Degree-seeking students:** Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

**Differs by program (calendar system):** A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the

program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

#### Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

**Distance learning:** An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

**Doctoral degree:** The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in

**First-time, first-year (freshman) student:** A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

**First-year student:** A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

**\*Freshman/new student orientation:** Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

**Geographical residence (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

**Grade-point average (academic high school GPA):** The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

**Graduate student:** A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

\*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

**High school diploma or recognized equivalent:** A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

**Hispanic:** A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

**Honors program:** Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

**Independent study:** Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

**In-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

#### International student: See Nonresident alien.

**Internship:** Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

\*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

\*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two1 1b4(hm)1-1( R)Tc 0.0004 Tw 10.02

**Minority affiliation (as admission factor):** Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

\*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

**Nonresident alien:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

\*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

**Open admission:** Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

**Other expenses (costs):** Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

**Out-of-state tuition:** The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

**Part-time student (undergraduate):** A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

**\*Personal counseling**: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

**Post-baccalaureate certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

**Post-master's certificate:** An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

**Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma:** Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

*Less Than 1 Academic Year:* Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

*At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years:* Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

*At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years:* Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

**Private institution:** An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

**Private for-profit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

**Private nonprofit institution:** A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

#### **Proprietary institution:** See **Private for-profit institution.**

**Public institution:** An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

**Quarter calendar system:** A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

**Race/ethnicity:** Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

**Race/ethnicity unknown:** Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

**Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor):** Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

**\*Religious counseling:** One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

**\*Remedial services:** Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

**Required fees:** Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

**Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen:** A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

**Room and board (charges)—on campus:** Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

**Secondary school record (as admission factor):** Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

**Semester calendar system:** A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

**Study abroad:** Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

\*Summer session:

**Transfer student:** A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

**Transportation (costs):** Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

**Tuition:**